

New Jersey Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan

APPENDIX A: MISSION STATEMENT

TASK FORCE ON CANCER PREVENTION, EARLY DETECTION AND TREATMENT IN NEW JERSEY MISSION STATEMENT

Comprehensive cancer control is a dynamic and ongoing process which can only be achieved through an active and committed partnership. This can be accomplished with public and private sectors working together from the belief that neither entity can do it alone. Our mission is to develop, recommend, advocate, and promote an integrated, collaborative, and multi-disciplinary approach to reducing the incidence, illness, and death from cancer. This will be addressed through a culturally sensitive plan which reflects prevention, early detection, treatment, rehabilitation, palliation, and quality of life issues and will embrace all of the citizens of New Jersey. Coalition building, partnerships, and education are essential to achieving this mission."

APPENDIX B: CHAPTER CONTRIBUTORS

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APPENDIX C: GLOSSARY

Advanced Practice Nurse - registered nurse with master's level nursing education who

provides expert clinical care in settings including but not limited to acute and long-term care facilities and ambulatory

care clinics.

Aflatoxins - group of toxic compounds produced by certain molds which is

a powerful liver carcinogen

Age-adjusted - rates in which statistical procedures have been applied to

remove the effect of differences in composition of the various

populations

Basal cell - most common form of skin cancer

Biological marker - genetic, biological, chemical measurements taken from a

sample of biological material used to detect preclinical disease

Biotherapy - treatment of disease with biologicals, such as certain drugs,

vaccines, or antitoxins

Body Mass Index - weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared

BRCA-I - breast cancer susceptibility gene localized to chromosome

13q12-q13 which influences vulnerability to breast and ovarian

cancer

BRCA-II - breast cancer susceptibility gene localized to chromosome 17

q-linked which influences vulnerability to breast and ovarian

cancer

Breast Self-Exam (BSE) - systematic method of self-inspection and palpation of the

breast and axilla

Cachexia - a general wasting of the body during a chronic disease

Carcinoma-in-situ - cancer that involves only the cells in which it began and has

not spread to other tissues

Chemotherapy - treatment used with anti-cancer drugs to achieve a cure

Cholangiocarcinoma - relatively rare cancer that arises from the cells of the bile duct

(passages external to the liver)

Cumulative risk accumulated probability that an event will occur Cytology the study of cells individual that specializes in the study of cells Cytotechnologist Dendritic cell branched protoplasmic extension of a nerve cell that conducts impulses from adjacent cells inward toward the cell body **Disparities** condition or fact of being unequal, as in age or rank **Etiology** study of medicine that deals with the causes or origins of disease **False-negative rates** (in the cases of screening test results) the individuals who are screened as negative but truly have the condition or disease **Hyperplastic** of or pertaining to abnormal increase in the number of normal cells Incidence describes the number of newly diagnosed cases of a disease in a defined population in a specific time **Immunotherapy** treatment to stimulate or restore the ability of the immune system to fight infection and disease Inpatient patient temporarily confined to an institution such as a hospital or nursing home, where there is an overnight stay Latent present or potential but not evident or active Malignant cancerous **Mammography** tool where the breast is compressed and two views are taken, plain film or xeromammography for the purpose of detecting abnormalities **Managed Care** system that combines the functions of health insurance and actual delivery of care molecules that identify physical location on a chromosome Molecular markers describes the number of deaths that occur in a defined Mortality rate population in a specific time period

Nutraceuticals/ functional foods	-	food or naturally occurring food supplement thought to have a beneficial effect on human health
Nutrition	-	study that deals with food and nourishment
Oncology	-	study of cancer
Oropharyngeal	-	relating to the area of the throat at the back of the mouth
Palliative care	-	enhancing the quality of life of patients with cancer and other illnesses by targeting physical and psychological symptoms and spiritual needs from the time of diagnosis to end of life care in all settings
Papnicolaou test (Pap test)	-	method of examining stained cells in a cervical smear for early diagnosis of uterine cancer
Photographic- mole mapping	-	procedure, through the use of a dye and radioactive tracer injection, that attempts to determine the presence or absence of spread of melanoma to the draining lymph nodes
Preclinical	-	relating to the period of a disease before the appearance of symptoms
Prevalence	-	refers to the number of existing cases of a disease or health condition in a population including incidence cases
Registered Nurse (RN)	-	trained medical professional who has passed a state registration examination, has been licensed to practice nursing, and assists people in healthcare settings
Squamous cell (carcinoma)	-	form of cancer that can be seen on the skin, lips, inside the mouth, throat, or esophagus
Stage of diagnosis	-	stage at which a disease or health condition is identified; at diagnosis (from early to late) may be expressed as numbers (I, II, III, or IV, for example) or by terms such as "localized," "regional," and "distant"
Ultraviolet (UV) light	-	solar ultraviolet radiation

APPENDIX D: ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ACS	 American Cancer Society
ACEs	 Active Community Environments
ACoS	 American College of Surgeons
AIDS	 Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
BCCEED	 Bergen County Cancer Education and Early Detection Program
BMI	 Body Mass Index
BRCA-I	 Breast cancer susceptibility gene localized to chromosome 13q12-q13
BRCA-II	 Breast cancer susceptibility gene localized to chromosome17q-linked
BRFSS	 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
BSE	 Breast Self Examination
CAM	 Complementary and Alternative Medicine
СВЕ	 Clinical Breast Examination
CCSS	 Childhood Cancer Survivor Study
CDC	 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
CME	 Continuing Medical Education
CNS	 Central Nervous System
COBRA	 Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
СТ	 Computer Tomography (scan)
CTCv2	 Common Toxicity Criteria, version 2 of NCI
CXR	 Chest X-ray
DCBE	 Double Contrast Barium Enema

DME	 Direct Medical Education
DRE	 Digital Rectal Exam
DTC	 Direct-to-consumer
EBV	 Epstein-Barr Virus
ELCAP	 Early Lung Cancer Action Project
ETS	 Environmental Tobacco Smoke
FDA	 United States Food and Drug Administration
Flex Sig	 Flexible Sigmoidoscopy
FMLA	 Family Medical Leave Act
FOBT	 Fecal Occult Blood Test
GASP	 New Jersey Group Against Smoking Pollution
GIS	 Geographic Information System
HBV	 Hepatitis B Virus
НСС	 Hepatocellular Carcinoma
HCFA	 Health Care Finance Administration
HCV	 Hepatitis C Virus
HHV-8	 Human Herpes Virus Type 8
HIV	 Human Immunodeficiency Virus
НМО	 Health Maintenance Organization
HP2010	 Healthy People 2010
HPV	 Human Papilloma Virus
HSNE	 Healthy Schools Nutrition Environment
HTLV-1 & 2	 Human T-cell Lymphotropic Virus type 1 & 2

ICC	 Invasive Cervical Cancer
IDU	 Injection Drug User
IME	 Indirect Medical Education
KS-HV	 Kaposi's Associated Herpes Virus
LINCS	 Local Information Network and Communication System
МСО	 Managed Care Organization
MSM	 Men Who Have Sex with Men
N/A	 Not Applicable
NCDB	 National Cancer Data Base
NCHS	 National Center for Health Statistics
NCI	 National Cancer Institute
NHANES	 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey
NHIS	 National Health Interview Survey
NHL	 Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma
NJCEED	 New Jersey Cancer Education and Early Detection Program
NJCCR	 New Jersey Commission on Cancer Research
NJCPFS	 New Jersey Council on Physical Fitness and Sports
NJDHSS	 New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services
NJDOE	 New Jersey Department of Education
NJDOT	 New Jersey Department of Transportation
NJSCR	 New Jersey State Cancer Registry
HPDP	 Health Promotion and Disease Prevention
ОССР	 Office of Cancer Control and Prevention, New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services

PHS	 Public Health Service
PRONJ	 Peer Review Organization of New Jersey
PSA	 Prostate Specific Antigen
PTSD	 Post Traumatic Stress Disorder
QALY	 Quality Adjusted Life Year
RCE	 Rutgers Cooperative Extension
RFP	 Request for Proposal
SCCA	 Squamous Cell Carcinoma
SEER	 Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results
SES	 Socioeconomic Status
SMN	 Second malignant neoplasms
SNB	 Sentinel Node Biopsy
SPOHNC	 Support For People With Head Neck Cancer, Inc. http://www.hncancer.com
UMDNJ	 University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey
WHO	 World Health Organization
WIC	 Women, Infants, and Children Program

APPENDIX E: THE NEW JERSEY CANCER EDUCATION AND EARLY DETECTION SCREENING PROGRAM (NJCEED)

The New Jersey Cancer Education and Early Detection (NJCEED) Screening Program is part of the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services. NJCEED provides comprehensive screening services for breast, cervical, prostate, and colorectal cancer. The services include education, outreach, early detection, case management, screening, tracking, and follow-up. Breast, cervical, prostate and colorectal cancers can be treated more effectively when found early (1;2). NJCEED services are available in all 21 counties through 25 lead agencies.

Persons eligible for these services must be at or below 250% of the Federal Poverty Level and be uninsured or under-insured (3;4). To find a program near you, please call **1-800-328-3838**.

This program is supported by both federal and state funds. The federal Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment Act of 2000 allows states to expand Medicaid coverage to eligible women who are diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer. As of July 1, 2001, New Jersey adopted this coverage.

References

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- (3) New Breast and Cervical Cancer Treatment Option Adopted by States. Issue Brief 01-42. Washington, D.C., Federal Funds Information for States, 2001.
- (4) NJCEED. New Jersey Cancer Education and Early Detection (NJCEED) Program Annual Report. Trenton, NJ: New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services, 2001.

APPENDIX F: SCREENING GUIDELINES AND RESOURCES

SCREENING GUIDELINES

Given differences in recommendations for cancer screening among major U.S. authorities (e.g., National Institutes of Health), non-Federal expert panel (e.g., U.S. Preventive Services Task Force), national professional organization professional organizations, or national voluntary health organizations, patients are advised to make an informed decision about cancer screening based on his or her provider's recommendations, which are made in accordance with the patient's individual risk factors for the disease. Upon selection of the cancer screening protocol, it will be necessary to determine whether or not this screening protocol is covered by your insurance carrier.

For more information:

American Cancer Society: www.cancer.org

National Cancer Institute: www.nci.nih.gov

National Guideline Clearinghouse: www.guideline.gov/NAVBARS/top_home.asp

U.S. Preventive Services Task Force: www.ahcpr.gov/clinic/uspstfix.htm